

THE GAZETTE.

JANESVILLE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8

TO FORCE THE OPEN DOOR OF EVIL.

Under the foregoing headline Margaret Lee writes an article for the February issue of the North American Review. The evils of divorce, of which she complains, cannot be denied, and her statement of fact, and the conclusion she reaches, are in substance as follows:

Were marriages indissoluble, the old-fashioned virtues would possibly grow scarce. But divorce is the open door. Selfishness, greed, and vanity murder devotion, economy, and faith. A rich man stands in view. I think that divorces appeals to the grosser elements of our nature. The refined, sensitive men and women who marry with just ideas are never heard in divorce is not the settlement of an evil; it is the beginning of endless complications. I am amazed at the general indifference to the magnitude of the misery threatening us. Parents, happy in each other and rejoicing in their children, are blind to the dangers that may destroy the future peace of their offspring. Society is haunted by divorced men and women, who prey upon the consciences of both sexes and bring trouble and grief into happy family circles. In former years such a condition of affairs was impossible. The standard of morality is declining, and the social tone is correspondingly lowered. People are afraid to be true to their own convictions, and tolerate individuals who poison the moral atmosphere. Where are we drifting when, among people with social position a man weds a maiden and, having won her consent, tells her that he cannot marry her until he has forced his wife into obtaining a divorce from him? This is the simple statement of a fact.

There is a great need of a uniform divorce law in this country. There are thousands of very loose divorces in nearly all the states of the Union. There are too many statutory grounds on which divorces can be granted. The rules of practice in nearly all the courts having jurisdiction of divorce questions, are very lax and imperfect. In all those there should be a reformation.

But Miss Lee goes too far in her conclusions. She wants to enforce the radical remedy of no divorce under every circumstance. The habitual drunkenness of a husband, his constant brutal treatment of his wife, his wilful neglect to support her, and his gross infidelity, which make life a wretched burden to an innocent and helpless wife, are no reasons, according to Miss Lee, why the wife should seek a release from him. It is always better to exercise manly and womanly common sense in the discussion of all such questions. There are both rational grounds and social necessities for divorce. It was the judgment of him who never erred on any question concerning the welfare of humanity, that divorces should be granted for a certain cause. Shall the highest authorities ever established on earth, be disregarded, and the judgment of Margaret Lee taken instead?

We fear Miss Lee is a pessimist. She seems to look on the dark side of things. There is even a bright side to a divorce—bright to a wife whose heart has been made to bleed by the cruelty of a heartless and brutal husband; bright to the children whose lives have been crushed and whose homes have been degraded by a drunken and meretricious father. In such cases it is just as necessary to apply the divorce remedy as it is to use the knife and the saw in taking a gangrened limb from the body.

SOME STRANGE HISTORY.

When Mrs. Coppinger, the eldest daughter of Mr. Blaine, died the other day, attention was called to the strange history of the old mansion in which the Blaine family live. It is the old Howard house, a plain red brick, and those readers of the Gazette who have been in Washington will remember to have seen it on Lafayette square, and noted the spot in front of it where Philip Barton Key received the bullets from the pistol of General Daniel E. Sickles.

It is said that gossip was pretty busy with its conjectures when Mr. Blaine moved into the old house. Why? Because of the strange history connected with the place. The mansion, as it is called, but in fact it is a very plain house, was built before the war. At one time, J. O. Spencer, secretary of war under President Tyler, occupied the house, and it was during his residence there that his son was hanged on board of his ship for alleged mutiny. During the Buchanan administration the house was occupied by Philip Barton Key, attorney of the district of Columbia, and son of Francis Scott Key, author of the "Star Spangled Banner." Family troubles caused General Sickles, who was then a democratic member of congress from Brooklyn, to put two bullets into Key's body one morning in February, 1858, and he fell mortally wounded in front of the house.

Secretary Seward moved into the house during the war, and it was in this old mansion that he and his son Frederick came near being murdered by a powerful dagger in the hands of Lewis Payne on the night of the shooting of Lincoln. Payne being one of the conspirators in the assassination.

When W. W. Belknap was secretary of war under Grant, he occupied this ill-fated house. It is near the department of state and war, and therefore is conveniently located. General Belknap had not been there long before his wife died. He soon moved out, and nobody wanting for a home, the government rented it for an office. When Mr. Blaine became secretary last year, he leased the mansion and in it his eldest son and his eldest daughter have died in less than ten months after he began living in it. Verily, the old mansion has become a tomb, and its associations are stranger than those connected with any house in the country.

Henry George says that "Grover Cleveland has hitched his wagon to a star." Yes, one of the falling stars.

THE NEED OF A BENNETT LAW.

During the past week the circuit court of Jefferson county has been in session. Among the cases on the docket was one for a divorce, the parties thereto being German. A very forcible illustration of the need of a Bennett law was seen during the trial.

Among the witnesses in the case was a young man about twenty-two years old. He was born within four miles of Jefferson. He was so ignorant of the English language that an interpreter was necessary in order that the court and the jury might understand his testimony. So here we have a person born in a thickly settled county in Wisconsin, reared to full manhood within sight of the Jefferson high school, who at the age of twenty-two years, cannot speak the language of the country in which he was born!

It is proper to ask the enemies of the Bennett law whether the education of that young man is just the thing he needs? Whether it is a good thing for him that he does not know a word of the English language? Whether he is on the right road to honorable American citizenship by remaining ignorant of the common language of the country in which he expects to earn his living and spend all the days of his life? Whether it is not best for the state to take a question of that kind in hand, and for the sake of the young man to compel his parents to send him to some school for at least twelve weeks in a year in which he can learn the English language?

Can any Lutheran minister or any one else who is at enmity with the splendid spirit of the Bennett law, tell what great good will fall to the lot of that young man in Jefferson county by living in total ignorance of our language? Will it enlarge his personal influence, advance his material interests, elevate his character, and stimulate a well directed ambition by using an interpreter whenever it is necessary for him to converse with Americans? These are some questions which are very pertinent indeed in discussing the Bennett law.

When Mr. Horr, of Michigan, lectured in Janesville three weeks ago he made the statement that Everett's oration at Gettysburg was "lost in the air," while Lincoln's two minutes' speech was "singing on the wings of immortality." In the country there is a little note of interest bearing on this subject which is well worth reproducing in the Gazette:

On the day after the dedication Edward Everett wrote to the president: "Permit me . . . to express my great admiration of the thoughts expressed by you with such elegant simplicity and appropriateness at the consecration of the cemetery. I should be glad if I could flatter myself that I came as near to the central idea of the occasion, in two hours, as you did in two minutes." Mr. Lincoln replied: "Your kind note of yesterday, you could not have been expected to make a short address, nor I a long one. I am pleased to know that in your judgment the little I did say was not entirely a failure. Of course I know that Mr. Everett would not fail; and yet while the whole discourse was eminently satisfactory, and will be of great value, there were passages in it which transcended my expectations. The point made against the theory of the general government being only an agency, whose principals are the states, was new to me, and, as I think, is one of the best arguments for the national supremacy. The tribute to our noble women for their angel ministrations to the suffering soldiers surpasses in its way, as do the subjects of it, whatever has gone before."

Ralph Waldo Emerson, regarded the oration of Everett one of the most eloquent of the century. Of course it will live as all great orations live—in libraries—but Lincoln's will be cherished in the memory for generations to come.

From St. Paul there comes a dispatch which says that "next Tuesday is the day set for closing those saloons which have not paid the \$4,000 license and license inspector Nugent says the havoc will be the greatest in the city's history. There will be at least 50 and probably 100 saloons which will pull down their blinds and quit business. Last year 386 licenses were issued, but up to date only 200 have been taken out and there are but 40 or 50 applicants yet to be acted on. In the past two years the brewing companies have secured licenses for a large number of saloons, but they have been heavy losers and have concluded to stop this style of increasing their business."

Now that the republican congress has made a good beginning, it wants to remember that there will be an election next fall, and that the best campaign document that the republicans can manufacture is a straight forward, practical, business-like session. If this is not the result of the present session, a good many candidates next fall will go into retirement.

If the democrats should ever get the control of the house, they will fall in love with Mr. Reed's ruling. It will be just the thing they will need, and the republicans will be fair enough not to grumble about it.

One of the youngest men in this country is William Tecumseh Sherman. He is seventy years old, but in his buoyancy of spirit and in the activity of his intellect, the multiplicity of years do not count.

There is a screw loose somewhere in the editorial rooms of the Harper's Weekly. The last issue says that Mr. Blaine's treaty is an admirable one.

"The sweetest thing that ever grew beside a human door" was little May until she took to having headaches. For a time she lost her beauty, but one bright day her papa bought a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It was just what she needed, and she is as sweet and pretty as ever.

Time is money, but health is happiness. If you have a bad cold or cough use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It will cure you every time. Price 25 cents.

A ROYAL PLOT NIPPED.

A Very Bold Game Attempted by a Youthful Bourbon Pretender at Paris.

THE THRONE OF FRANCE THE STAKES.

The Duke of Orleans Defies the Edict of His Banishment and is Arrested—Foreign News.

PARIS, Feb. 8.—By prompt action the government has nipped in the bud what was apparently intended to be a royalist coup d'état, modeled after Louis Napoleon's mad descent upon Boulogne, and the only consequence is that the Duke of Orleans, eldest son of the Count of Paris, is in custody. The Duke arrived in Paris Friday bearing a letter signed by the Count of Paris announcing to the faithful and all others the renunciation of all claim to the throne of France. He also had with him a manifesto addressed to the people of France. Nominally, and according to the theory of pretenses, a pretender is always a King, and therefore the Count of Paris abdicates the throne he never possessed. He consequently abdicates his claims as a pretender, and in virtue of this abdication all his claims, rights, and titles descend to his eldest son, the gentleman now in the hands of the authorities, Philippe Louis Robert, Duke of Orleans. The gentleman, therefore, is not merely one of many vagrant princes, but the actual pretender to the throne in virtue of his claims as the heir of Louis Philippe and also as the heir of the old Bourbon line. His coming into the country in violation of the law banishing all the heads and direct heirs of reigning families, is a rash escapade, even if it stands alone. The fact that he was equipped with an appeal to the nation shows his intentions and may make the movement more serious.

If it should be developed that this movement is made in virtue of an understanding with the partisans of the monarchy in France it may be more than a mere violation of the law of expulsion. There is some reason to believe that the movement is made in concert with the more determined opponents of the republic, as the Duke repaired immediately to house of the Duke of Luyres, the present head of a family that has always adhered uncompromisingly to the old monarchy. In that house the young gentleman was King of France in theory—the descendant of Henry IV., and not the ruler of the descendant of Louis Philippe.

On the day before Feb. 6 the Duke of Orleans attained the age of 21. For he was born on Feb. 6, 1869. The abdication of his father, the manifesto, and the movement were all apparently planned with regard to that date and in order to electrify France with the demonstration that the fortunes of the monarchy were now in new hands; that the crown now belonged on the head of a cavalier who would dare something for it and not fold his hands in a quiet corner like another Chambord. The government was not caught napping, however. It was promptly informed of the presence of the Duke in Paris, and of his whereabouts. The Duke was in France in violation of the law made purposely for excluding his father and himself as enemies of the republic. Therefore the Duke of Orleans was at once arrested at the house of the Duke of Luyres. He was taken to the prefecture of police, where his identity was fixed beyond all doubt, and where process verbal of his violation of the law of banishment was drawn up. He was then detained at the conciergerie.

In the afternoon he was arraigned before the military authorities at the central bureau. In response to the inquiry as to the objects and purposes of his visit to France, he said that, having attained his majority, he had come to France to place himself at the disposal of the military authorities. This dash of audacity is regarded as a very happy stroke, and is sure to make friends for him, for a gallant French boy who wants to take his chance for conscription is a somewhat unusual and captivating figure to appear in the daily news. But this did not touch the sensibilities of the hard-hearted authorities, and M. Constans, the minister of the interior, ordered that the Duke be held in custody. Further disposition of the case of course depends whether it is discovered that there was any plot for a general royalist movement behind this incident.

REMOVING THE DEAD.

Nearly 200 Perished in the Welsh Colliery Disaster.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The work of removing the bodies of the miners who lost their lives by the explosion in the colliery at Abersychan yesterday is being carried on as rapidly as possible. Already 155 have been taken out and it is believed that about thirty more yet remain.

KILLED THE SAILORS.

Disaster to a British War Vessel by the Explosion of a Cylinder.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—Two of the crew of Her Majesty's man-of-war Barracouta were killed and ten others seriously injured at Martello this morning by the explosion of a cylinder during a test of boilers.

France Sends an Envoy to Africa.

PARIS, Feb. 8.—Advices have been received from the slave coast of West Africa that a special envoy of France has landed at Wydhah, and started for Abomey, the seat of the King of Dahomey, with a strong escort.

Bond Robbers Found Guilty.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The trial of the Chilian bond robbers resulted in a verdict of guilty. Turner, the leader in the robbery, was sentenced to ten years, and Clark, as accessory, to eighteen months' penal servitude.

An Anti-Optimism League.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 8.—An anti-optimism league has been formed in Holland. It includes many influential persons, and is opposed to the government raising revenue from Charles's Liver Pills before retiring, and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.

HIS CONDITION IS ALARMING.

Randall's Friends Very Much Distressed About the Statesman's Health.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Randall's condition continues to excite alarm. His symptoms are not at all encouraging, though he had an easier day yesterday. It is certain that Randall's close friends, outside of his own household, were in a state of great anxiety last night.

THAT TIERED, LANGUED FEELING

and the various ailments which attend it, take two of Carter's Liver Pills before retiring, and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.

FOR RENT—A front room at 104 Park

Place facing the court house contains a bath. Inquire on the premises.

TRACY WILL NOT RETIRE.

Important Public Duties May Divert His Mind from His Loss.

New York, Feb. 8.—Mr. Isaac S. Catlin, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Robert Graves, arrived from Washington. In answer to a question as to the possibility of Secretary Tracy retiring to private life because of his bereavement, Gen. Catlin replied:

"There is no probability whatever that Secretary Tracy will retire from public life. Of course, he is greatly shattered, and it will take a long time to bring him around, but he will persevere in his life's work. He is not only suffering from mental shock, but from physical exhaustion. In the supreme moment of his suffering he said that if he could not go on with the work which he had begun in the navy department he could not live. Then all his friends, including President Harrison, Mr. J. Stranahan, and Mr. James Jordan, advised him that every consideration demands that he stay at his post. At a time like this occupation for his mind will be his salvation."

The General said that the matter of the final disposition of the remains of Mrs. Tracy and Miss Mary J. Tracy was still under consideration, and that the final interment would be either at Greenwood or Owego, N. Y. It will be private, and without any demonstration whatever. In reply to a question as to whether the Secretary could recall any of his experiences during the fire, Gen. Catlin replied: "I had an hour's talk with him over the incidents of the sad event. He told me he had but one lucid interval after waking from sleep and before losing consciousness. He saw the smoke all around him, and he remembered calling out: 'My God, we are all lost!' At his next awakening he found the President being over him at Mr. Bancroft Davis' house."

The General then feebly alluded to the great tenderness of President Harrison and his family toward the dying and the dead. "I made a blundering attempt myself to nurse up the Secretary, which resulted in a way I never contemplated," he continued. "I heard Mrs. Wilmerding's daughter say to her mother: 'Mamma, why do you cry? It is true that grandma and Aunt Mary are gone, but we have papa left. You must take care of him, you know.' I went straight to Gen. Tracy and reported to him what the child had said. He looked at me for an instant and then uttered such a cry of anguish as I had never heard. The strong man sobbed as if his heart would break. I begged Gen. Jordan, who had suffered the loss of his own daughter, to try and comfort the Secretary, and he succeeded."

THE STATE OF TRADE.

A Moderate Improvement Noted Owing to More Seasonable Weather.

New York, Feb. 8.—Bradstreet's "State of Trade," says: Special telegrams indicate a moderate improvement in the movement of general merchandise of the Rocky Mountains, with more seasonable weather and consequently a more active demand for staple goods. Prices of cattle and hogs generally tend lower on a free movement. Wheat is depressed on the Pacific coast by free offerings and large interior stocks. Groceries, dry goods and drugs are fairly active. Iron prices are fairly steady on the belief that the demand will increase. The market for coal is barely steady, with no improvement in the demand for domestic purposes. The industrial situation is attracting attention with an increasing number of employes on strike and an outlook for a strike of considerable proportions may in case a general conclusion is not made that eight hours shall constitute a day's work. The movement in flour has been dull and prices have been steady. Reports of available stocks of wheat east of the Rocky mountains, United States and Canada show 49,691,349 bushels on Feb. 1, or 4,535,527 bushels less than on Jan. 1. The month's decrease for both coasts is 5,086,961 bushels. Bradstreet's totals with Beerbom's report of stocks in Europe and abroad therefore, Feb. 1, show a decrease of 9,553,585 bushels during January, or 8.3 per cent, and a decrease of 13,925,585 bushels compared with Feb. 1, 1889, or 11.6 per cent. Exports of wheat (and flour as wheat) for the week from both coasts equal 2,314,917 bushels against 1,613,854 bushels the previous week. The total shipped July 1 to date is 64,032,698 bushels. Business failures reported are declining in number, amounting to 259 in the United States for the week, against 295 the previous week and 266 the corresponding week last year. The total number of failures in the United States since Jan. 1 is 1,877, against 1,871 in 1889.

WESTERN WATERS RECEDING.

An Immense Landslide on an Oregon Railroad.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 8.—The flood here is rapidly receding and no further damage is feared. Both bridges at this point withstood the great strain of logs and wreckage, but the steel structures will require careful examination. The extent of the damage to the Oregon & California railroad between Ashland and Roseburg is very heavy. The route from Grant's Pass to Roseburg is said to be in a state of complete disrepair. The stream of all over southern Oregon are reported to be as high, if not higher, than in 1861. The report reached here late last night from Cleudale of an immense slide on the railroad, half a mile south of West Fork, in Cow Creek canon. The slide came from a mountain to the bottom of the canon—some eight hundred or a thousand feet. The water is backed up on the canon for a distance of three miles, and is 500 feet wide and from fifty to seventy-five feet deep. Tunnel 3 is completely submerged. About fourteen hundred sacks of delayed mail and a large number of passengers arrived here by boat from the Dalles this evening, having been transferred from a Union Pacific train at that point.

BRITANNIA'S BOY FORTUNE.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 8.—The Forepaugh circus has been sold, English capitalists taking two-thirds of the stock and the estate retaining a third interest. The show will continue to exhibit in this country.

Ball Loses His Suit.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 8.—The jury in the libel case of Rev. Dr. Ball against The New York Evening Post have returned a verdict of "no cause for action."

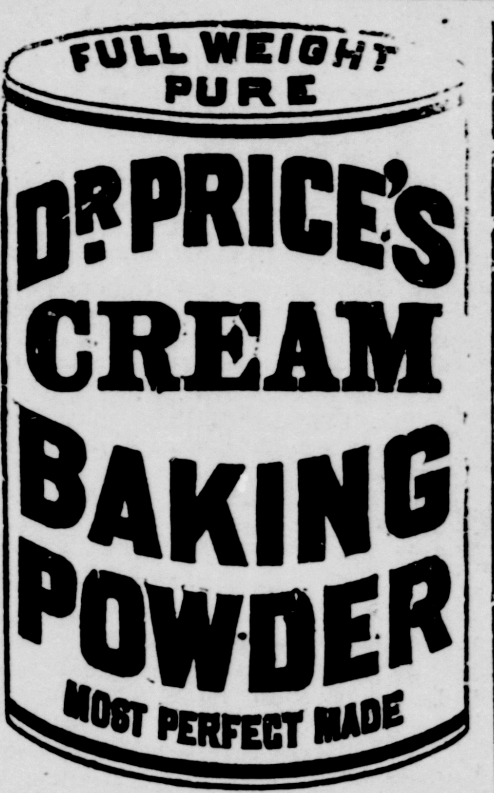
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must not be neglected. Colds in the head and snuffles bring on catarrh and lung affections. Ely's Cream Balm cures at once. It is perfectly safe and is easily applied into the nostrils. It also cures catarrh, the worst cases yielding to it.

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FROM CONTINUOUS CURSING OF ELECTRICITY THROUGH
THE SYSTEM, RESTORING THEM TO BRILLIANT AND VIGOROUS
ELECTRIC CURRENT BELT INSTANTLY, OR FOR FORTUITOUS
BUILT AND WEAKLY DEVELOPED, OR FOR THE
NATURAL CURE IN THREE MONTHS. SAVED PAINFUL
SUFFERING OF SCREW DRIVERS, WHEELERS, AND BOW-

improvement to hands that are shonored
broad. All gloves look better for
rather tight than loose, but if you
that the hand bulges out in unex-
posed places, anything but a plain
White gloves or very light blue
the hand appear much larger.

Large hands should be shaded as
as possible by falls of lace or ruff
spite of fashion, and the long me-
sleeve half covering the hand like
is especially suitable. Rings of
thing likely to attract attention
large, ill-shaped hand should be c
ly avoided. Work of all kinds en-
the hand and the prettiest one is
general thing, the most useless.

to provide for you—
She—Yes, but I fear I would be
sorry housekeeper.
He—Why so?
She (weeping bitterly)—Because
have never been to a cooking school.
He—All the better, dearest; a
better.
She—All the better?
He—Yes. You will stay at home
attend to the cooking instead of
ing to go out and lecture on the cur-
art. You are just the kind of a w-
want.

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[illegible]

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County, late of the city of Jansenville, in said county, deceased. Dated, J. W. SALLS, County Judge.
By the Court, J. W. SALLS, County Judge.
Jals3w

STATE OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY COURT.
MOCK COUNTY—In Probate.
Notice is hereby given that at a session of the county court to be held in and for said county, at the court house in the city of Jansenville, in said county on the first Tuesday being the 4th day of February, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:
The petition of Carrie M. Langworthy for appointment of an administrator of the estate of said Carrie M. Langworthy, late of said county, deceased.—Dated January 11, 1890.
By the Court, J. W. SALLS, County Judge.
Jals1w

[illegible]

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1890. 1890.

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WANTED—A peddler to handle tin ware. Enquire of W. B. Stoddard 205 North Bluff street.

Chas. Wisch

The barber, employs none but first class workmen, has the largest shop in the city with good bath rooms attached. Call and see him, Phobus block, West Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wis.

Our stock of building material is now complete in every respect. Parties expecting to build the coming season should call and get our prices before placing their orders. We will please you both as to quality and price.

DAVID K. JEFFRIES.

Gent's fine sewed shoes at \$1.55 at M. Samuel's special sale.

Home made bread at a loaf at the Fashion Bakery.

A new lot of wood just received, including Rock maple, second growth box-oak, etc.; which will be sold at lowest living prices.

DAVID K. JEFFRIES.

For one and all to buy shoes at M. Samuel's special sale.

WANTED—Frank Leslie's Magazine for July, 1887, at Gratzke's office.

For extra grades of hard and soft coal, call on David K. Jeffries.

All who wish to order costumes of Spoon & Snyder for the N. O. W. masquerade, please call at the store and leave orders before 9 o'clock, Saturday morning Feb. 8.

Good winter evening books at Sutherland's book-store.

Letter impression books cheap at Sutherland's book-store.

Outwary and sock business suits in great variety and at living prices at Zeigler's.

On the 10c. counter at Wheeler's: Chamois window cleaners, hammers, six kind egg beater, tracing wheels, purses, monkey wrenches, egg boilers.

Any wishing costumes for the N. O. W. masquerade can secure them by leaving orders with Spoon & Snyder.

Ladies clean your kid gloves with Mother's Glove cleaner; for sale only at Burns & Holland's dry goods store.

After you have made a tour of the market call at T. J. Zeigler's for bargain in clothing.

Advice to Mothers.
 Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the inflamed surface, and cures the child of colic, wind, and the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c a bottle.

For RENT.—House No. 205 Division street, near high school. Wm. Ross.

Goods paper, pen and ink at Sutherland's.

If you want a fine, new home in this city, see me before you buy. L. Conner.

A few boarders wanted at 206 South Franklin street.

WANTED—A cook and laundry girl. Apply South First and Jackson street.

GEORGE MCKEY.

WANTED—An active man on Liberal Salary to permanently represent an Association incorporated to supply, at co-operative prices, general merchandise and a kind of articles for home and family use, in each small city, village and hamlet, and in the best of the country. Paid up certificates \$100.00 in cash. Credit well established. References exchanged. Enquire of Co-operative Association (Box 127), N. Y.

\$75.00 TO \$250.00 A MONTH can be earned preferred by one who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also; a few vacancies in towns and cities.

B. H. JOHNSON & CO., 109 N. W. in St. Richmond, Va.

JANEVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY FRANK GRAY.

JANEVILLE, Feb. 8, 1890.
 Receipts of grain increased considerably during the week, but at present the roads are not in favorable condition for heavy receipts. The market has ruled a little dull, but no material change in prices except wheat, is a shade lower, although best hard winter wheat is in steady demand at full quotations. Rye salable at \$2.00. Barley, best grades in fair demand at \$2.00. Live hog continue firm with little demand for clean heavy hogs, which are selling at outside quotations. Fresh butter and eggs in good supply with prices tending lower.

FLOUR—Best Patent \$1.25 per cask; second \$1.10 Winter, \$1.25.

WHEAT—Good to best milling; second \$2.00 shipping grades \$2.00.

RYE—In good request at \$2.00 per 100 lb. BARKLEY—Good to choice heavy \$2.00; common to fair quality \$2.00.

BUCKWHEAT—\$2.00, per 100 lb. CORN—Old, shelled, per bushel, \$2.00; ear, \$2.00; 100 lb. new, per 100 lb. \$2.00.

OATS—White, 1900, mixed, 1900, \$1.00. FEED—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. MEAL—75 per 100 lb. \$1.00. HAY—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. MIDDINGS—40c per 100 lb. \$1.00. POTATOES—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. CLOVER SEED—\$2.00 per bushel.

GRAIN—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. POTATOES—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. BUTTER—Good supply at \$1.00. EGGS—Fair supply at \$1.00 per dozen. POULTRY—Turkeys \$1.00; chickens \$1.00. FISH—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. MEAT—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. LARD—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. SUGAR—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. COFFEE—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. TEA—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. SPICES—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. CIGARS—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. TOBACCO—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. CLOTH—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. SHIRTS—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. TIES—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. HATS—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. COATS—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. DRESS—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. SUITS—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. SHOES—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. GLOVES—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. Hosiery—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. UNDERWEAR—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00. ACCESSORIES—No. 1, per 100 lb. \$1.00.

BRIEFLETS.

Jolly Six, February 17th.

Don't forget the Jolly Six dance at Hibernia hall, February 17th.

A large number of Janesville people will go to Beloit to-night, to hear Geo. Kennan.

There have been several important changes made in the time table of the C. M. & St. P. Ry. Co.

The Jolly Six will give one of their parties a Hibernia hall Monday evening, February 17th.

The Omaha Club will meet Monday evening at Mrs. Mary Richardson 353 Court street.

The common council will hold a regular meeting on Monday evening, provided a quorum attends.

D. F. Sullivan may be prospering at Kockford. Rumor has it that D. F. has bought a business block in that city.

The first lesson of the cooking class will be given Monday afternoon Feb. 10th at 2 o'clock in the Kenilworth rooms.

Chautauque Circle Monday evening, February 10. Quotations about the weather; questions in the February Chautauque—first half.

The Oyclone Base Ball Club masquerade at Columbia hall next Thursday evening, will be a good party. Tuukwood's orchestra will furnish the music.

The Oyclone Base Ball Club will give a masquerade at Columbia hall next Thursday evening February 13th. This is the last masquerade before Lent. Don't fail to go.

The Odd Fellows will give one of their parties at Odd Fellows' hall this evening. It will be for members of the order and their families only. Tuukwood's orchestra will furnish the music.

The committee on decoration for the hospital party, are requested to meet at the rooms of the Associated Charities Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

The Merry Club met last evening with Miss Hattie Owen, No. 107 Linn street. They enjoyed the meeting very much. The officers of the club are, Hannah Wray, president; Ellsworth Owen, vice president; Dottie Baker, secretary; Edith Hayward, treasurer.

The Union Temperance meetings, inaugurated by the city pastors last fall and suspended during the holidays, will be resumed on to-morrow evening. On this occasion the union service will be held in the Congregational church, and the lecture will be delivered by the Rev. M. Evans, pastor of the First M. E. church.

The Fond du Lac Journal of this week tells the following story: "What might be termed a case of absentmindedness occurred in the eighth ward the other day. A man started from home for his place of business and when about half way there stopped to light a cigar. The wind blowing in his face he turned around to get his light, and then jogged along contentedly without noticing the change in direction until he brought up at his own door. Then he was mad."

The village of Burlington has let the contract to build its water works to Geo. O. Morgan & Co., of Chicago, for \$20,711. This does not include the cost of the artesian well nor the lot on which it is located. The plant will consist of a single pump and boiler and about two miles of pipes. The village has voted five per cent. bonds to cover the cost. The total expense, including well, lot, construction, surveyor's and inspector's bill, etc., will be something like \$25,000. The water is said to be very good.

Personal liberty advocates, who have been in the habit of violating municipal law by dumping ashes, and garbage in the river and public streets, may get some consolation by reading the following illustration of the way Paris keeps her streets clean: "An American unsuspectingly tore a letter in two and dropped the letter in the gutter, just as he had doubtless done a hundred times at home. A moment after a policeman invited him to retrace his steps and gather up the fragment of waste paper on the penalty of being arrested."

THE VESTIBULE.

A Slight Change in Its Arrival and Departure.

On and after to-morrow the "vestibule" train on the Chicago & North-western railway will arrive at this station from Chicago and depart for Madison, St. Paul, etc., at 9:05 p. m., being twenty minutes later than usual. The morning "vestibule" from St. Paul, etc., will reach this city and depart for Chicago at 5:55 being twenty minutes earlier than usual. These changes are noted in the time card of the Northwestern published in this paper.

IN THE SOUP.

Dr. Chase's Celebrated Australian Consumption Cure Concert Co.

Dr. Chase's Celebrated Australian Consumption Cure Concert Company are still at Orford. Dr. James Collins, the manager, came up to the city last night for a new supply of medicine as he had done a good business and ran out. He got the medicine all right but did not keep it, as it was seized by under Sheriff Acheson on an attachment about six o'clock, and now rests secure in the custody of the officer. What the outcome will be is not known but it is rumored that "the end is not yet."

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Bentley, of Edgerton, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Oscar D. Rowe.

Mrs. I. C. Sloan, who has been confined to her home for a number of days from an attack of grippe, is now convalescent.

Miss Oora Parmley, of Center, is very sick at Evansville, where she has been attending the seminary. She has many relatives and friends in this city.

Mr. H. E. Pattison, who has been visiting relatives and friends in the city for a few days past, returned to his home in Chicago to-day.

Mr. C. O. Rostad, Justice of the peace and town treasurer of the town of Newark was in the city on business to-day.

D. Conger's office is the place for bargains in house, lots, farms and western land.

IT IS CONSTITUTIONAL.

The Ruling of Speaker Reed in the Lower House of Congress.

To the Editor.
 While the decision of Speaker Reed is undoubtedly against the president for a number of years past, as practiced by both parties, it is nevertheless a return to correct parliamentary practice. The idea that a member can be personally present and legislate absent, is a technical fiction without the slightest shadow of reason to sustain it, and just as often as either party, republican or democratic, has found itself in the minority, a howl has been set up against it. It is time it was stopped, and there be a return to correct parliamentary practice. The constitution provides that a quorum is necessary to do business; but of what avail would it be if members were compelled to attend to their duties and could refuse to vote, and thus be still counted absent. It would be a complete misappropriation of the meaning and intent of the Constitution. Admitting that both parties have heretofore, consented to this technical fiction it is time it was stopped. Does any one believe that should our common council convene this evening, and there were nine members bodily present and four should refuse to vote, that the majority would declare no business could be done for want of a quorum. Nonsense! If a public officer is a public trust, any member, republican or democrat, who would so trifle with that trust as to prevent all business ought to be relegated to private life.

Reed's ruling is simply a return to the old democratic doctrine that a majority should rule.
 NOX PARTIZAN.

THAT RAILROAD.

From Lake Geneva to Jefferson—Will it be built?

Lake Geneva Herald:—We are unable as yet to give full information concerning the railroad matter as we had hoped. The directors met in Milwaukee last Saturday and arranged many things, and a definite statement in writing was made. A man started from home for his place of business and when about half way there stopped to light a cigar. The wind blowing in his face he turned around to get his light, and then jogged along contentedly without noticing the change in direction until he brought up at his own door. Then he was mad."

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A PECULIAR LOT OF MEN.

The Tramps and Vagabonds Daily Brought Before Judge Patterson's Court.

THEY FOLLOW THE LAKES FOR A LIVING IN SUMMER.

They Belle their Nationality—Office McGinley's Fatherly Advice to the Gullible.

"It is curious," remarked an officer of the municipal court to a Gazette reporter this morning, "how many tramps claim to be sailors. Nearly all of them, when asked their occupation reply that they 'follow the lakes in the summer, and work in the pines in the winter.'"

There are all kinds of people represented among the tramps, from Indians to Russians. A man who has the map of Ireland in his face will give his name as August Deltott, while a sure enough German went under the name of Patrick Finnegan. None of them, however, give their name as McGinley, as that would be liable to bring out the full extent of the law. Some of them are quite philosophers. The other day one was asked whether he pled guilty or not guilty. The judge read the complaint, saying: "You, Thomas Jones, are charged with being a male person, over the age of sixteen years, not a resident of the city of Janesville, and are living without employment, or without visible means of support. Is this true?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then you are a tramp?"

"No, sir; I am a man who never works."

"Do you ever work?"

"Yes, sir. In the summer I follow the lakes."

"Then you are a sailor?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, how do you come to be sailing about this part of the country?"

Your Honor, I want to go to Milwaukee. If you will let me go I will leave town. It's a pleasure to work and a torture to be idle."

"Officer McGinley, if I let this man go, will you see that he leaves town?"

"Oh, will, sir."

"All right, you may go."

"Thanks, your Honor."

Then officer McGinley will take him in hand and when they get out in the park will tell him.

"At yes don't leave town now, yes! get some and don't forget it! If I catch you galivanting about town again, yes! get two hundred and ten days, now get it!"

Others will be satisfied with the accommodations, at the County hotel and are willing to sleep on the hard stone floor of the jail and want to stay. They generally get from thirty to ninety days at hard labor.

Occasionally a man will be arrested who has never been in the fix before, and will be thoroughly cured of tramping after spending the night at the jail and will be very penitent and anxious to go, but they are the exception to the rule.

The marshal will find a dozen or more playing cards in a box or some place, and drive them out of town, but the next day they will all come up from Clinton. Yes, they are a peculiar lot of men."

THE SEAT OF THE FACULTIES.

Dr. King's Lecture Last Evening at the Congregational Church.

The fifth lecture of the People's Popular Lecture Course was given last evening at the Congregational church, being a lecture on "The Seat of the Faculties," by Dr. Oscar A. King. Between seven and eight hundred ladies and gentlemen were present to listen to Dr. King's interesting discourse, he being a specialist in treating diseases of the brain. Dr. King has many personal friends in Janesville who delight to listen to his interesting talk on matters he is so well qualified to treat.

LIBERTY HALL.

It Is To Be the Home of Several Societies in This City.

The large hall in the Smith block on East Milwaukee street, formerly occupied by the Odd Fellows, is now leased to Olive Branch Lodge, United Workmen. At the meeting of the United Workmen last evening, the hall was renamed, and it will hereafter be known as "Liberty Hall." It is expected that in the near future Liberty Hall will be made the home of two or three other societies, now without a permanent place of meeting.

Masonic Notice.

At the next regular communication of Janesville Lodge No. 55, F. M. M., Monday, Feb. 10, 1890, there will be work on the E. A. D. The craft cordially invited.

By ORDER OF THE W. M.

Pleasant Party.

Miss Lottie Williams gave a very pleasant party to a few friends last evening, at her home in the first ward. It was in honor of Miss Lulu Crosby, and all who were present report a very enjoyable time.

ONLY NINE, YET A HERO.

A Little Black Boy's Gold Medal from the French Government.

A little black boy on the Senegal river, in Africa, is the proud possessor of a gold medal sent to him by the French minister of marine and colonies. The boy is now 12 years old, and the medal was given him for his government service.

He lives near Bakel, the chief town, far inland, on the upper Senegal, and he witnessed some of the stirring scenes three years ago, when the Marabout Lamame laid waste a large district and gave French interests in upper Senegal such a lively shaking up.

One day he was with his mother in their straw hut when he saw some of the Marabout soldiers set fire to some huts near by and then start to apply the torch to his own home. He picked up his father's breech-loader, and though he was not strong enough to hold the weapon to his shoulder he shot two of the soldiers dead and the others ran for dear life. The incident is mentioned in official reports on the French campaign against the Marabout, and the boy now has a medal to show that a plucky 9-year-old he was.

Look—At those choice loaves in the first ward for sale by D. Conger.

THE VOICE OF THE PULPIT.

Subjects to be Discussed in Janesville Pulpits To-morrow.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Corner of Jackson and Pleasant streets. Rev. J. D. Jones, Pastor. Sunday school at 10:30 a. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30.

The pastor will preach in the morning upon "Confessing Christ." In the evening the congregation will unite with others in a temperance service at 10 o'clock in the Congregational church. The meeting of the Y. P. S. O. E. will be held at 5:15 p. m.

ALL SOULS CHURCH—Corner of Court and Bluff streets. Rev. P. M. Elliott, Pastor. Sunday services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 12:00 p. m.

Subject for discourse at All Souls church, "A Saint's Day." (Charles Davis.)

PREBYTERIAN CHURCH—On Jackson street Rev. W. C. Foster, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Preaching in the morning by the pastor, on the subject, "Feeling Safe and Being Safe." Bible school at noon. All ages are invited to take part with us in our bible studies. We have classes for all. The Y. P. S. O. E. holds its meeting at 6 p. m. The Young People are developing new powers and plans of usefulness. They welcome any who wish to join them in their good work. There will be no evening preaching service on account of the Union Temperance meeting.

For our Thursday evening meeting I suggest this subject: "The Final Judgment in Its Relation to Christians."

FIRST M. E. CHURCH—Corner of Jackson and Center streets. Rev. M. Evans, Pastor. Residence, No. 102 South Main street. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday and Thursday evenings.

Preaching in the morning by the pastor. Subject: "Jewels Worth Having."

In the evening this congregation will unite with the other churches in the union temperance meeting. Sermon by M. Evans, pastor of this church. Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth League and prayer meeting at 6 p. m. City meeting at 12 m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening 7:30. You will be made welcome.

CHURCH—Corner Court and Wisconsin streets. Rev. J. D. Jones, Pastor. Sunday school at 10:30 a. m. Morning service at 10:30 a. m. Evening service at 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m.

CHURCH—Corner Court and Wisconsin streets. Rev. J. D. Jones, Pastor. Sunday school at 10:30 a. m. Morning service at 10:30 a. m. Evening service at 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m.

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